

# THE EUROPEAN WAR A YEAR AGO THIS WEEK

September 18, 1915.  
Austrians withdrawing in sector of the Volhynian triangle of fortresses northeast of Lemberg.  
Russians began evacuation of Vilna.  
German attacks on Dvinsk renewed.  
French artillery severed great bridge across the Meuse at St. Mihiel.

September 19, 1915.  
Germans entered Vilna.  
British squadron shelled German coast defenses in Belgium.  
One German submarine sank another by mistake.  
Italian dirigibles bombed Alsouizza.  
Bulgaria announced an armed neutrality.

September 20, 1915.  
Hindenburg's forces reached Vileika.  
German artillery shelled Serbian positions on south bank of Danube near Semendria.  
Artillery duels along the west front.

September 21, 1915.  
Russian Vilna army successfully escaped.  
Germans repulsed near Vilna and Smorgon.  
French made gains in Champagne and Lorraine.  
Russians sank German submarine in Black sea.  
General mobilization ordered in Bulgaria.  
British Chancellor McKenna announced new taxation.

September 22, 1915.  
Italians dislodged Austrians from the Dolomite valley.  
French aviators raided Stuttgart, bombarding palace of king of Wuertemberg.  
Russian armies assumed the offensive.

September 23, 1915.  
Russians reoccupied Lutsk in Volhynia, capturing 6,000 men.  
Russians won battle at Vileika.  
Germans driven back near Pinsk behind Okinski canal.  
Austrian garrison evacuated Monte Coston.  
Germany in note to United States promised to observe visit and search law.  
French aeroplanes attacked German positions in Lorraine and the Argonne.

September 24, 1915.  
Germans made furious assault on Dvinsk.  
French made gains at several points.  
German submarines sank five British steamers.  
Greece ordered mobilization of army and navy.

## WORTH KNOWING

A total of more than a billion feet of lumber was sawed by California mills during 1915, according to statistics compiled by the United States forest service. The report includes figures from 136 mills, 35 of which had cut 9 per cent of the total. Of 13 kinds of wood sawn, redwood led with a total of 418,824,000 feet, board measure. With the exception of about 1,000,000 feet, board measure, it was all California timber.

The per capita use of gas in Massachusetts showed a decline in 1915 as compared with the previous year. The total production of gas of all kinds amounted to 15,786,630,000 cubic feet in 1915, while in 1914 it was 15,536,223,500 cubic feet, a gain of only 1.7 per cent in actual output. During the year the population of the state increased about 2.5 per cent.

In the last 18 years the British electric light industry has grown from 38 private companies, with a capital of \$80,000,000, and 33 municipal plants, with a capital of \$10,000,000, to 273 private companies, with a capital of \$305,000,000, and 328 municipal plants, with a capital of \$200,000,000.

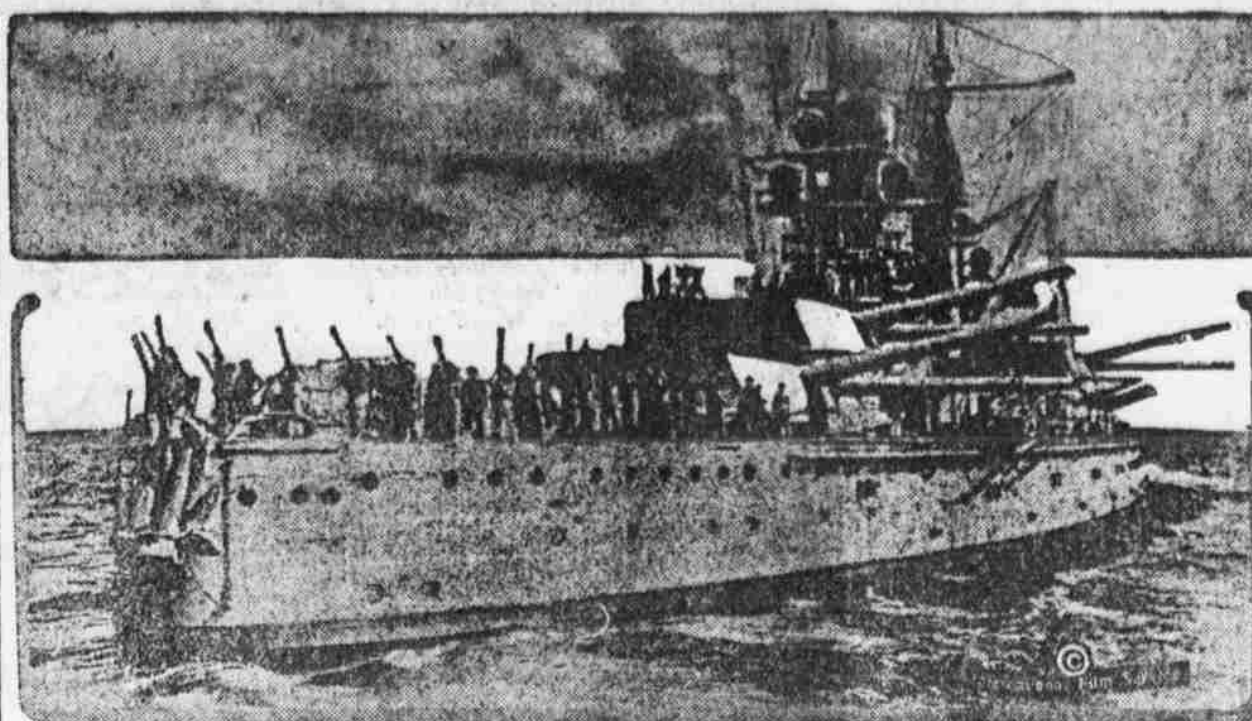
The Japanese are paying much attention to Australian ores suitable for refining or smelting in Japan. A party of Japanese engineers is about to visit Australia to make a study of this question.

William Harlow Reed, professor of geology in Wyoming university until his recent death, had the honor of finding what is said to be the largest skeleton of a dinosaur ever discovered. The find was made in Wyoming.

New regulations of the United States steamboat inspection service require persons to be twenty-one years old before being licensed as masters or chief engineers.

To warn of fire damp in mines an Austrian has invented a porous vessel through which the gas penetrates, makes electrical connections and rings a bell.

# GERMAN SAILORS FIRING AT AEROPLANES



Sailors on the German battleship Prinz Regent Luitpold firing at hostile aeroplanes with rifles.

# WOUNDED BRITISH AND GERMANS GOOD MIXERS



While these wounded British and German soldiers are waiting for the ambulance to carry them to the base hospital they are having a good-natured chat.

## JUDGE W. L. CHAMBERS



Judge William L. Chambers, chairman of the board of mediation and conciliation, has been acting as a go-between for President Wilson, the railway employees and the railway executives in the strike situation. His position, with reference to the strike negotiations, has been similar to that of Col. E. M. House in Democratic politics. He went from one to the other of the triangle, bearing informal messages to each.

## The Black Man's Burden.

The late Booker T. Washington used to tell this story: He said in one of the black counties of southern Mississippi a meeting was held in the city hall at the county seat for the purpose of organizing a movement to encourage the emigration from the North of desirable skilled labor. As one of the promoters of the plan was leaving the building after the gathering had adjourned, he was halted by an aged, darky of his acquaintance.

"Kumel," inquired the old man, "what you-all been doin' in thar tonight?"

"We're trying to work up a scheme to bring more white people down here," explained the gentleman. "What do you think of the idea, Uncle Zach?"

"W'l, boss," said Zach, "dey's already mo' white folks in dis country now dan us niggers kin support."

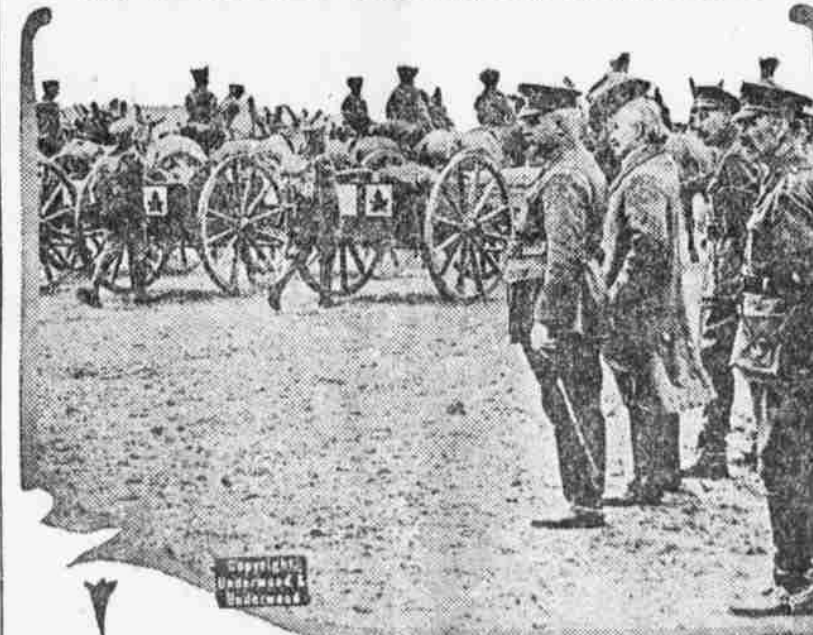
## New Needs.

"Do you suppose they'll send a minister to meet the commercial Zepelin that's coming over?"

"Why should they send a minister?"

"Won't it need a sky pilot?"

## LLOYD-GEORGE REVIEWING CANADIANS



David Lloyd-George attended his first review as secretary of war when, with Gen. Sir Sam Hughes, he inspected a Canadian division at Bramshott. After the review Lloyd-George addressed the officers and paid high tribute to Canada's help in the war. Photograph shows Lloyd-George, hat raised, and Sir Sam Hughes watching the march past.

## PALACE SERBIANS HOPE TO REOCCUPY



This is the royal palace at Belgrade which the Serbians now hope will be again occupied by the royal family when the Teutons and Bulgarians are driven out of the country.

## Discouragement.

"I'm goin' to run fur office," exclaimed Farmer Cornstossel. "Or if I can't get nominated fur sheriff or something, I'll take the stump fur some one who kin."

"What's the trouble?" inquired the neighbor.

"I can't get my family nor the hired help to pay attention to anything I say. I want to get out and try my luck with a strange crowd."

## Frank Opinion.

"Have you formed an opinion in this case?"

"Yes, sir."

"To what effect?"

"That the lady defendant isn't very good looking."

"Telegrams excused."

## Question of Physical Labor.

"Do you think Bacon wrote the Shakespeare plays?"

"What difference does it make who wrote them?"

"A great deal. If I've got to go through my liberty and paste in Bacon's name wherever Shakespeare's appears, I want to know about it early so that I can begin."

## Played With Fire.

"She talked to him just to let him know she wasn't afraid of old bachelors."

"Yes."

"And he talked to her just to let her know that he wasn't afraid of widows."

"Well?"

"Oh, they're married now."

# INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course of the Moody Bible Institute, Chicago.)  
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## LESSON FOR SEPTEMBER 24

### REVIEW.

READING LESSON—II Cor. 4:1-5:4.  
GOLDEN TEXT—We look not at the things which are seen, but at the things which are not seen; for the things which are seen are temporal, but the things which are not seen are eternal.—II Cor. 4:18.

A map is essential to an understanding of Paul's labors and adventures—especially a present-day map, with its modern names of the places which he visited. It should be used in teaching this lesson, and New Testament history generally.

It will cause the lessons to relate themselves more closely to the world as we now know it. During the past quarter they have extended over a period of about seven years, from approximately A. D. 50 to 57, and are all centered about the life and teaching of Paul. It is difficult to attempt a logical review. A number of lessons have been introduced from the letters of Paul, which are not chronological in the development of the church. It might be well, perhaps, to consider first the leading events in the life of Paul, and second the prominent characteristics of Paul's life as we have had them presented to us, and also to consider six of the cities in which Paul founded churches in Europe, studying their modern names and conditions and looking into the difficulties and dangers which he encountered.

In Lesson One we have the record of Paul's untiring activity, and his persistent use of the Scriptures. Every one of his sermons was confirmed by the Word of God. Lesson Two presents his interest in those who were converted in his ministry; also a suggestion as to his unceasing prayerfulness on their behalf. Lesson Three presents his tact and wisdom in preaching the Risen Christ, and his emphasis upon the need of repentance. Lesson Four gives a suggestion of his untiring activity in the midst of great discouragement and in the face of bitter opposition. Lesson Five reveals his persistent determination to know and to preach nothing save Jesus Christ and him crucified. Lesson Six is Paul's panegyric on love as the supreme gift. Lesson Seven is an exposition of the duty and blessedness of cheerful giving. In it is given a new beatitude of Jesus, "It is more blessed to give than to receive," which is nowhere else recorded. Lesson Eight, another suggestion as to his courage. Lesson Nine emphasizes humility, compassionate love and a fearless declaration of the whole counsel of God. Lesson Ten presents his forgetfulness of himself and his eagerness to preach Christ even when threatened by an unrestrained mob. Lesson Twelve again presents his forgetfulness of himself, and his eager seizing of every possible opportunity to preach the Lord Jesus.

Turning to the cities that Paul visited, we first encounter Philippi (now in ruins). This is the first city in Europe where there was a Christian church, and it was one which Paul especially loved. Though he was driven from it by a mob, and escaped by means of an angel, yet his letter to that church is a revelation of his feeling toward his first European congregation. Thessalonica, the modern Saloniki in Macedonia, formerly belonged to the Turkish empire in Europe. Here Paul founded a church, consisting of Jews and Greeks. Paul is accused of turning the world upside down, and teaching Jesus to be the Christian's king. For this he was accused of treason against Rome. Two epistles were written to the church in which he does not record any fault-finding. This church has been called the "Church Beautiful." Athens was then, as now, the chief city of Greece, and one of the three most renowned cities in the history of the world. Paul's famous address on Mars hill was treated with great indifference. His stay was short, and never afterwards do we find him showing forth his learning, but ever after he expresses his determination to know nothing save "Jesus Christ and him crucified." (I Cor. 2:1, 2.) Corinth was a great commercial city. At present the original site is in ruins, but the new Corinth has been built three miles away, and is today a city of approximately 15,000 population. Paul spent a year and a half here, preaching and teaching, and supplemented this with a period of three months of service. It was a worldly and wicked city, and yet Paul here founded his largest church, converted from heathenism.

During this time we have the story of the burning of the books of magic, of the silver shrine of Diana, and of the Ephesian riot which compelled Paul to leave the city.

Paul afterwards revisited the churches he had founded in Europe and about 62 A. D. wrote a letter to the Ephesian churches, some six years after he left them, and while he was a prisoner in Rome.

The journey to Jerusalem, starting from Philippi (now in ruins) where Luke joined Paul with the Gentile church's collection for the poor. Is the concluding portion of our lesson.

# Libby's Vienna Sausage and Sliced Dried Beef

Both contain less heat producing properties than heavy meats.  
Try them for summer luncheons and picnic tidbits.

Libby, McNeill & Libby  
Chicago



Holland has 6,000,000 people.

Martinique wants an American bank.

Popular watering place—the ice cooler.

France is stimulating attention to gardening.

"See your own state first" is a good motto to put up beside "See America first."

Russia maintains at Moscow an experiment station for the study of flax cultivation and manufacture.

Toy molds to enable children to make building blocks from snow have been invented by a German.

**WOMAN'S CROWNING GLORY**  
Is her hair. If yours is streaked with ugly, grizzly, gray hairs, use "La Creole" Hair Dressing and change it in the natural way. Price \$1.00.—Adv.

When Hogan Telephoned.  
Hogan, the elder, was doing useful work in the stables, since most of the younger men in the nearby little market town had enlisted.

One day he was sent by his employer to telephone to a dealer for various loads of hay, straw and oats. After many struggles with that terrible instrument which is supposed to save time, he got into communication with the dealers at last.

"I say, we're waitin' fer that last order fer hay, straw and oats. We want it at once. Hay, straw and oats."

Back came the answer:  
"Very good. But who's it for?"  
"Arr, now. Would ye try to be funny with an old man what's doing his bit? It's for the horses av coorse."—London Mail.

His Regiment.  
"Regiments! Regiments!" said Prof. Hilary McMasters before the Harvard Medical school.

"There are too many nonsensical regiments, young gentlemen. I prefer the regiment of Mark Twain to all such rubbish."

"Mark had a very strict regimen, you know. He never smoked but one cigar at a time, and never smoked while sleeping."

"He never ate meat except with his meals, and he never drank except at meals and between meals."

"His father took a drug store for a bad debt in Mark's boyhood, and among the stores were nine barrels of cod liver oil. These lasted Mark seven years. The rest of the family had to get along with the lpecac and nuxvomica. Mark being the pet. He was, in fact, the first oil trust. He got it all."



## Gets Attention—

First, because of its wonderfully delicious flavor—

Then again, because it is ready to eat—fresh and crisp from the package.

But the big "get attention" quality is its abundance of well-balanced, easily digestible nourishment.

For sound health, every table should have its daily ration of Grape-Nuts—

"There's a Reason"